

DIGITAL GAS DETECTORS

CE

dg1_e 04/07

The DG-1 microprocessor-based digital gas detectors are characterized by reliability and low current consumption. Due to a digital temperature compensation feature they can operate within a wide temperature range. Gas concentration above the threshold level triggers visual and audible alarm signals. The detectors are intended to used as part of a security system.

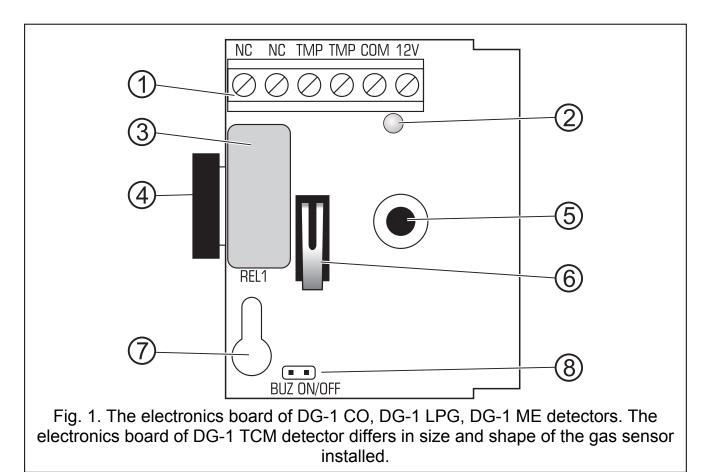
The DG-1 series of digital gas detectors includes the following products:

DG-1 CO - carbon monoxide detector;

DG-1 LPG – propane-butane gas detector;

DG-1 ME - natural gas (methane) detector;

DG-1 TCM – soporific gas detector (e.g. chloroform vapors).



Explanations to Fig. 1:

- 1 terminals:
 - NC alarm relay (NC)
 - **TMP** tamper contact
 - **COM** common ground
 - **12V** power supply input
- 2 LED indicator. Indicates by blinking activation, trouble and alarm of the detector. Depending on the detector type, the following LED colors are used:
 - red DG-1 CO (sensor type TGS2442)
 - green DG-1 LPG (sensor type TGS2610)
 - yellow DG-1 ME (sensor type TGS2611)
 - **blue DG-1 TCM** (sensor type TGS832)
- 3 alarm relay, type NC (normally closed).
- 4 buzzer. Indicates acoustically activation, trouble and alarm of the detector.
- 5 gas sensor.
- 6 tamper contact. Opening of the housing is signaled on TMP terminals.
- 7 fixing screw hole.
- 8 buzzer ON/OFF pins. Set the jumper to enable the audible signal, remove the jumper to disable it.

1. Alarm signaling

Depending on the detector type, the conditions of alarm signaling vary. They are described in Table 1. Additionally, the DG-1 LPG and DG-1 ME detectors feature the **prealarm function**.

	DG-1 CO	DG-1 LPG	DG-1 ME	DG-1 TCM
Gas concen- tration to trigger alarm	50ppm for 75 minutes 100ppm for 25 minutes 300ppm for 1 minute	20% lower explosive limit		3000ppm CHCl ₃
Gas concen- tration to trig- ger prealarm	-	10% lower explosive limit		-

Table 1. Conditions of alarm/prealarm signaling by the detectors.

Gas concentration reaching the dangerous level will trigger the alarm signal (visual and audible) and open the alarm relay. The alarm is signaled by long sounds and LED blinking, separated by long intervals (1 second LED blinking/sound, 1 second interval, etc.). The alarm signaling is on for the whole duration of dangerous gas concentration. Also the relay will remain open until the gas concentration drops below the alarm level. The gas sensor reaction to a decrease in the dangerous gas concentration is delayed, hence the alarm signaling can stop even a few minutes after the gas concentration has dropped below the alarm level.

The prealarm is signaled by short sounds and LED flashes, separated by long intervals (0.25 second LED blinking/sound, 1.75 second interval, etc.). The signaling continues as long as the methane/propane-butane concentration is above the 10% lower explosive limit, but just below the 20% lower explosive limit. The prealarm has

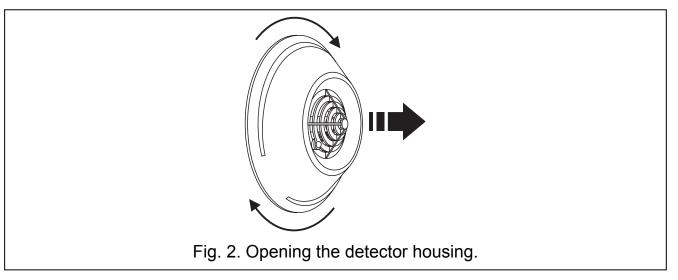
no effect on the alarm relay status. The audible signaling can be disabled by removal of the BUZ jumper.

2. Autodiagnostics

The detector is monitoring the supply voltage (voltage drop below 9V (\pm 5%) will trigger a failure alarm) and testing performance of the gas sensor. Troubles are indicated by short sound signals and LED flashes separated by short intervals (0.25 second LED blinking/sound, 0.25 second interval, etc.). During a failure situation the alarm relay contacts will open.

3. Installation and commissioning

- The DG-1 digital gas detectors are designed for indoor installation. Considering specific character of the gases to be detected, the DG-1 TCM and DG-1 LPG detectors should be mounted in low position, just above the floor, the DG-1 ME detector in high position, just under the ceiling, and DG-1 CO detector at a height of about 1.5 meter.
- 1. Open the housing as shown in Fig. 2.

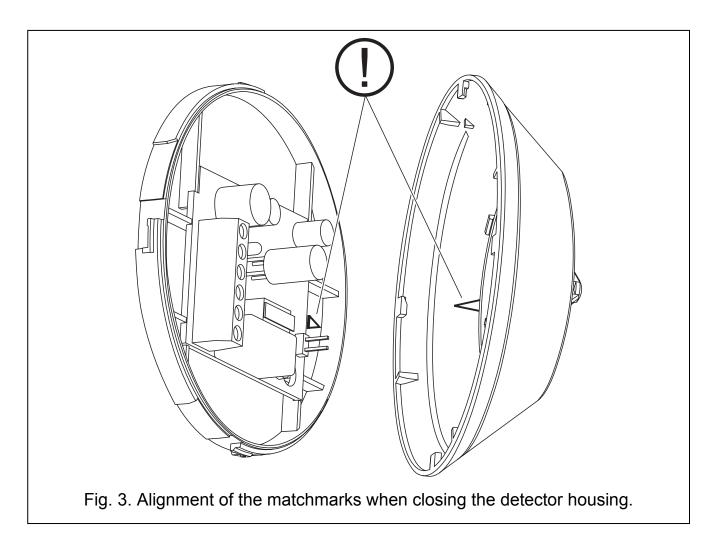


- 2. Remove the electronics board.
- 3. Make suitable openings for screws and cable in the rear housing panel.
- 4. Pass the cable through the opening prepared.
- 5. Secure the rear housing panel to the wall.
- 6. Fasten the electronics board.
- 7. Connect the leads to corresponding terminals.
- 8. Using the jumper, decide whether the buzzer is to be enabled, or not.
- 9. Close the detector housing, making sure that the matchmarks on the cover and on the rear housing panel are aligned (see Fig. 3).
- 10. Switch on power supply of the security system. Putting the detector into operation is signaled by three short sounds, accompanied by blinking of the LED.

Notes:

• During the detector operation the gas sensor heats up.

• The DG-1 detectors are tested during production process with special gas mixtures. Do not test the detector for functioning on your own (e.g. using gas from gas lighter), as this may cause damage to the sensor. If confirmation of a good working order of the detector is necessary, please send it to the SATEL's service department.



4. Technical data

Nominal supply voltage		12V DC		
Mean current consumption (±10%):		DG-1 CO		12mA
		DG-1	LPG	35mA
		DG-1 ME		35mA
		DG-1 TCM		80mA
Operating temperatur	1	0+55°C		
Dimensions	øs	97x36mm		
Weight:	DG-1 CO		CO	63g
		DG-1	LPG	62g
		DG-1	ME	63g
		DG-1	ТСМ	64g
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